

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA** 

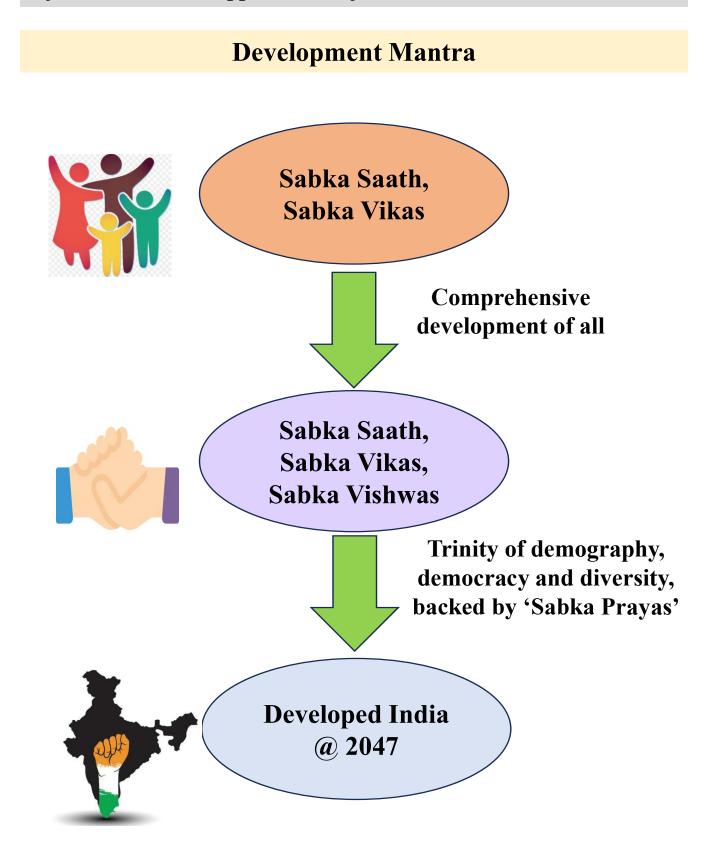
# Key Features of Budget 2024-2025

February, 2024

MINISTRY OF FINANCE BUDGET DIVISION

### Viksit Bharat by 2047

Vision: Prosperous Bharat in harmony with nature, modern infrastructure and opportunities for all



### **People-Centric Inclusive Development**

Substantive development of all forms of infrastructure-Physical, Digital and Social





Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI)-Promoted formalisation and financial inclusion

Deepening and widening of tax base via GST





Strengthened financial sector brought savings, credit and Investment back on track

GIFT IFSC- A robust gateway for global capital and financial services for the economy



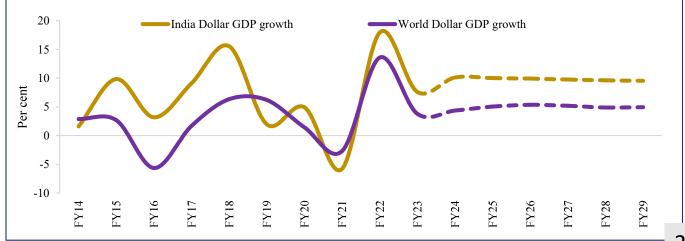


Proactive Inflation management

All parts of country becoming active participants in economic growth



### India and World Dollar GDP growth



### Focus Areas (1/2)

### Garib Kalyan, Desh ka Kalyan

DBT has led to savings of ₹2.7 lakh crore

25 crore people moved out of Multi-

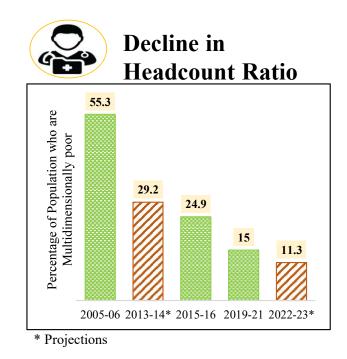
dimensional poverty

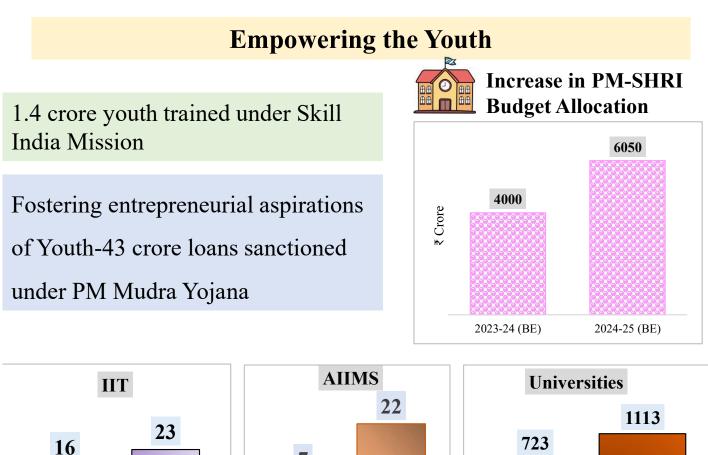
2014

2023

Credit assistance to 78 lakh street

vendors under PM-SVANidhi





7

2014

2022

2014

### Focus Areas (2/2)

#### Welfare of Farmers-Annadata

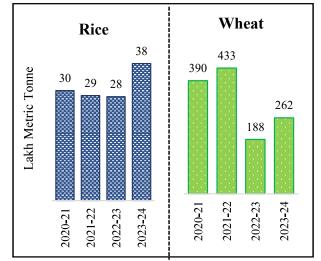
Direct financial assistance to 11.8 crore farmers under PM-KISAN

Crop Insurance to 4 crore farmers under PM Fasal Bima Yojana

Integration 1,361 mandis under e-NAM, supporting trading volume of ₹ 3 lakh crore



Increasing Procurement of Wheat and Rice



#### Nari Shakti

30 crore Mudra Yojana loans disbursed to women entrepreneurs
Increased female enrolment in higher education by 28 per cent in 10 years
43 per cent of female enrolment in STEM courses
1 crore women assisted by 83 lakh SHGs to become Lakhpati Didis

### Strategy for Amrit Kaal (1/5)

### **Sustainable Development**

#### Commitment to meet 'Net Zero' by 2070

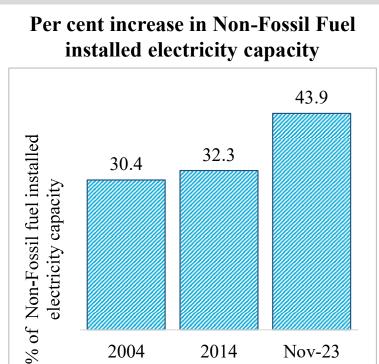
- Viability gap funding for wind energy
- Setting up of coal gasification and liquefaction capacity
- mandatory blending of CNG, PNG Phased • and compressed biogas
- biomass Financial for procurement assistance of • aggregation machinery

Rooftop solarization-1 crore households will be enabled to obtain up to 300 units of free electricity per month

- Adoption of e-buses for public transport network
- Strengthening e-vehicle by ecosystem supporting manufacturing and charging

New scheme of biomanufacturing and bio-foundry to be launched to support environment friendly alternatives

Nov-23



2014

2004

- >10 crore LPG connections released under PMUY
- 36.9 crore LED bulbs, 72.2 lakh LED Tube lights, and 23.6 lakh Energy efficient distributed fans under UJALA
- 1.3 crore LED Street Lights installed under SNLP









### **Strategy for Amrit Kaal (2/5)**

#### **Infrastructure and Investment**

Implementation of 3 major railway corridor programmes under PM Gati Shakti-to improve logistics efficiency and reduce cost

Promotion of foreign investment via bilateral investment treaties to be negotiated

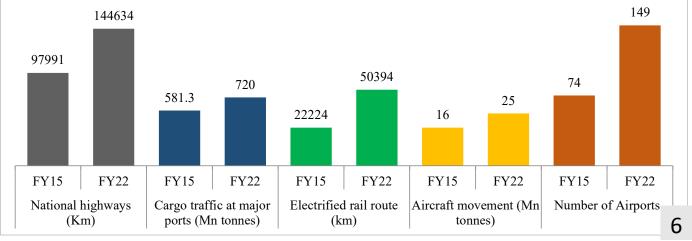
Expansion of existing airports and comprehensive development of new airports under UDAN scheme

Promotion of urban transformation via Metro rail and NaMo Bharat

**Increase in Capital Expenditure** 

#### Capital Expenditure Capex as % of GDP 12 4 Capex as % of GDP 9 3 Rs. Lakh Crore 2 6 3 0 FY18 FY19 FY20 FY21 FY22 FY23 FY24 FY25 (BE) (BE)



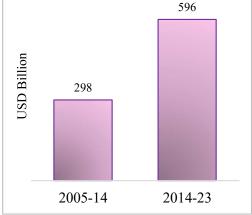








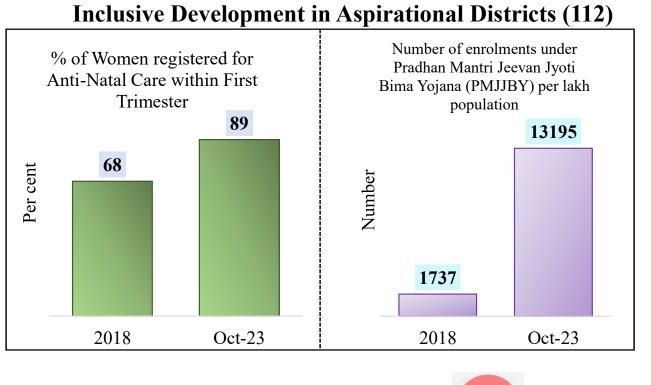




### **Strategy for Amrit Kaal (3/5)**

### **Inclusive Development (1/2)**

Aspirational District Programme to assist States in faster development, including employment generation







Encourage Cervical Cancer Vaccination for girls (9-14 years)

Saksham Anganwadi and Poshan 2.0 to be expedited for improved nutrition delivery, early childhood care and development

U-WIN platform for immunisation efforts of Mission Indradhanush to be rolled out

Health cover under Ayushman Bharat scheme to be extended to all ASHA, Angawadi workers and helpers





### **Strategy for Amrit Kaal (4/5)**

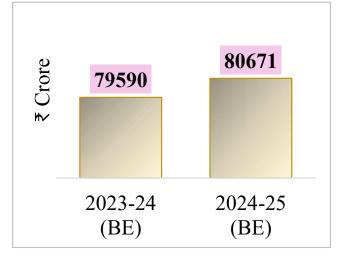
### **Inclusive Development (2/2)**



Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Grameen) close to achieving target of 3 crore houses, additional 2 crore targeted for next 5 years

Housing for Middle Class scheme to be launched to promote middle class to buy/built their own houses

#### Increased allocation for PMAY





States will be encouraged to undertake development of iconic tourist centres to attract business and promote opportunities for local entrepreneurship

Long-term interest free loans to be provided to States to encourage development



G20 meetings in 60 places presented diversity of India to global audience

Projects for port connectivity, tourism infrastructure, and amenities will be taken up in islands, including Lakshadweep

### Strategy for Amrit Kaal (5/5)

#### **Agriculture and Food Processing**

# Government will promote private and public investment in post-harvest activities

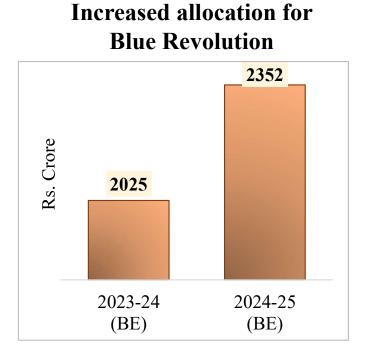
Application of Nano-DAP to be expanded in all agro-climatic zones

Atmanirbhar Oilseeds Abhiyaan-Strategy to be formulated to achieve atmanirbharta for oilseeds

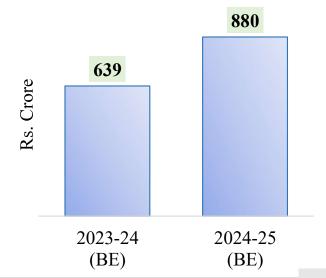
Comprehensive programme for dairy development to be formulated

Implementation of Pradhan Mantri Matsaya Sampada Yojana to be stepped up to enhance aquaculture productivity, double exports and generate more employment opportunities

5 Integrated Aquaparks to be set up



Increased allocation for PM-Formalisation of Micro Food Processing Enterprises scheme

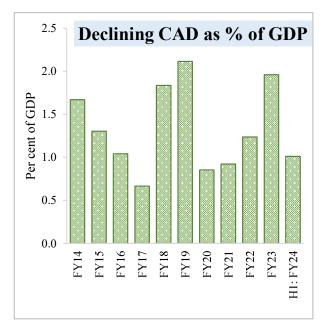


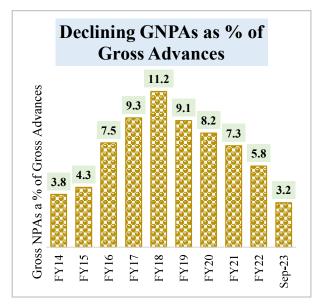


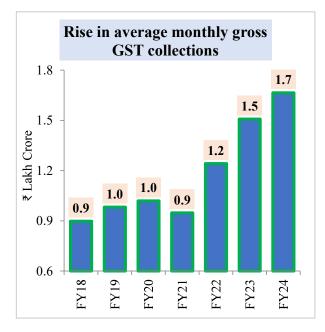


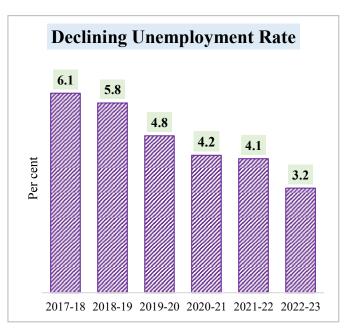


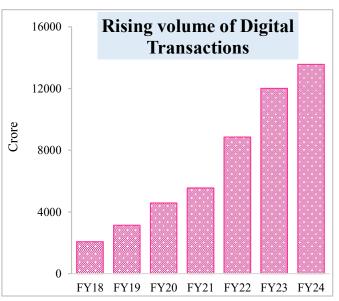
### **Resilient Performance of the Indian Economy**

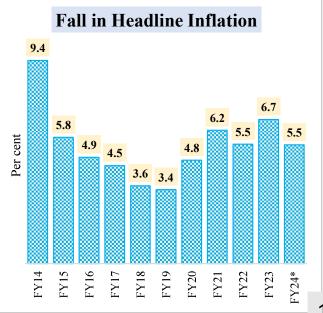












### **Achievements of Taxation Reforms**

Direct Tax Collections more than trebled in last 10 years

Number of return filers swelled to 2.4 times

Faster refunds: Reduction in average processing time of returns from 93 days (2013-14) to 10 days (2023-24)

monthly Gross Average GST collections doubled to ₹1.66 lakh crore in FY24

Increase in tax buoyancy of State revenue from 0.72 (2012-16) to 1.22 in the post-GST period (2017-23)

#### **Positive sentiment about GST**

- 94% industry leasers view transition to GST as largely positive
- 80% of respondents feel GST has led to supply-chain optimisation

(As per a survey conducted by a leading consulting firm)

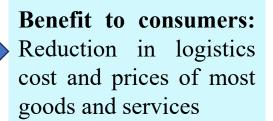
#### Decline in import release time since 2019 by: -

- 47 per cent at Inland Container Depots
- 28 per cent at Air Cargo complexes
- 27 per cent at Sea Ports













Continuity in taxation: Certain tax benefits to and investments made by sovereign Start-ups wealth funds/pension funds, tax exemption of some IFSC units earlier expiring on 31.03.2024 extended up to 31.03.2025

#### Withdrawal of outstanding direct tax demand: -

- Up to ₹25,000 pertaining up to FY10
- Up to ₹10,000 for FY11-FY15

#### **Retention of same tax rates: -**

- For direct and indirect taxes, including import duties
- For Corporate Taxes-22% for existing domestic companies, 15% for certain new manufacturing companies
- No tax liability for taxpayers with income up to ₹7 lakh under the new tax regime

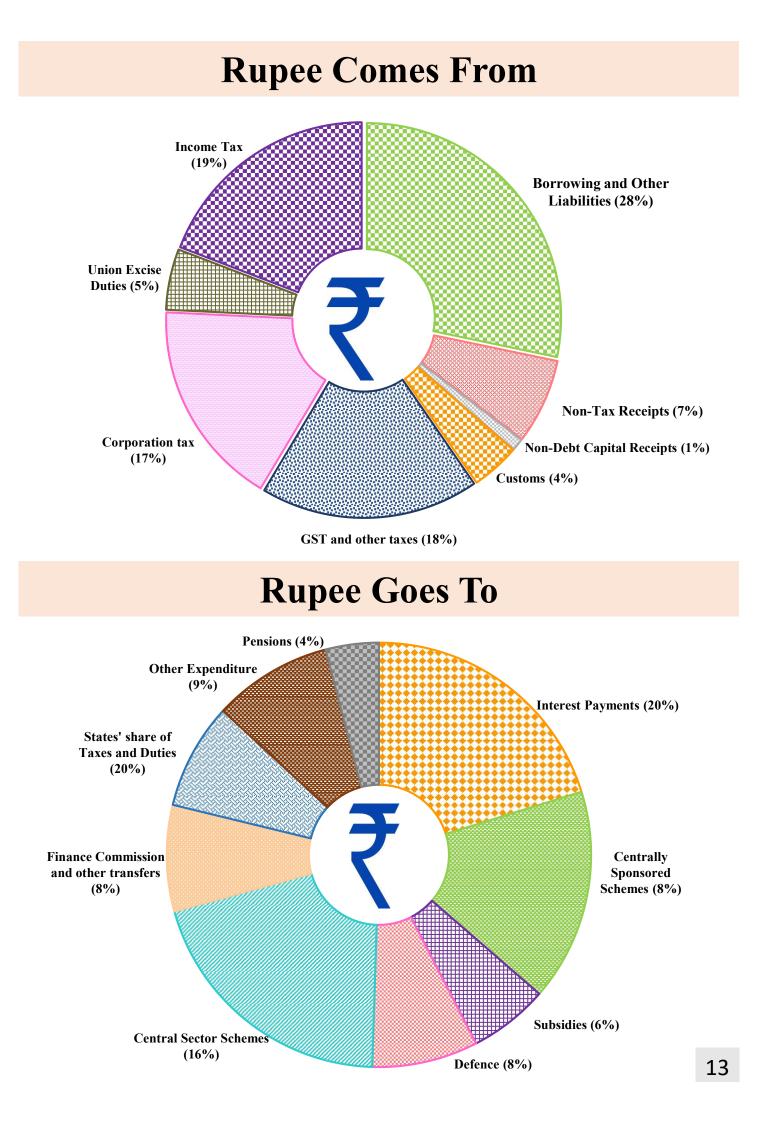








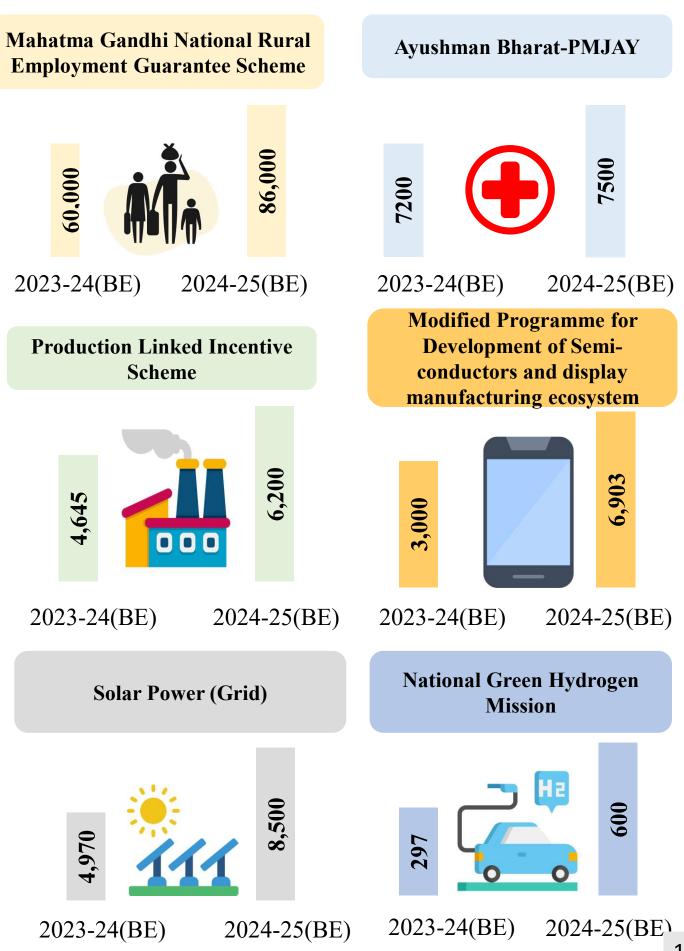




## **Allocation for Specific Ministries**

		in ₹ Lakh Crore
P	<b>Ministry of Defence</b>	6.2
	Ministry of Road Transport and Highways	2.78
	Ministry of Railways	2.55
	Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution	2.13
	<b>Ministry of Home Affairs</b>	2.03
	Ministry of Rural Development	1.77
	Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers	1.68
	Ministry of Communications	1.37
	Ministry of Agriculture and Farmer's Welfare	.27

### Allocation to Major Schemes (in ₹ crore)



### **Receipts and Expenditure**

